

CURRENT STATE OF PROGRESS TOWARD THE SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT GOALS BASED ON SELECT TARGETS

GOAL	INDICATOR	DISTANCE FROM TARGET (2023) ¹	TREND OF SDG PROGRESS (2023) ¹	CHANGE IN TREND OF SDG PROGRESS BETWEEN 2020 AND 2023 ²
1	1.1.1 Eradicate extreme poverty	■■■	Limited or no progress	↩ Backward
	1.3.1 Implement social protection systems	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	N/A
2	2.1.2 Achieve food security	■■■	Deterioration	None
	2.2.1 End malnutrition (stunting)	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
3	3.1.2 Increase skilled birth attendance	■■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	↩ Backward
	3.2.1 End preventable deaths under 5	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	↩ Backward
	3.3.3 End malaria epidemic	■■■	Limited or no progress	None
	3.b.1 Increase vaccine coverage	■■■	Deterioration	↩ Backward
4	4.1.2 Ensure primary education completion	■■■	Limited or no progress	↩ Backward
5	5.3.1 Eliminate child marriage	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
	5.5.1 Increase women in political positions	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
6	6.1.1 Universal safe drinking water	■■■	Limited or no progress	None
	6.2.1 Universal safe sanitation and hygiene	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
7	7.1.1 Universal access to electricity	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	↩ Backward
	7.3.1 Improve energy efficiency	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
8	8.1.1 Sustainable economic growth	■■■	Deterioration	↩ Backward
	8.5.2 Achieve full employment	■■■■	Limited or no progress	None
9	9.2.1 Sustainable and inclusive industrialization	■■■■	Limited or no progress	None
	9.5.1 Increase research and development spending	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	➡ Forward
	9.c.1 Increase access to mobile networks	■■■■	Substantial progress/on track	None
10	10.4.2 Reduce inequality within countries	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	N/A
11	11.1.1 Ensure safe and affordable housing	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	➡ Forward
12	12.2.2 Reduce domestic material consumption	■■■	Limited or no progress	N/A
	12.c.1 Remove fossil fuel subsidies	■■■	Deterioration	↩ Backward
13	13.2.2 Reduce global greenhouse gas emissions	■■■	Deterioration	None
14	14.4.1 Ensure sustainable fish stocks	■	Deterioration	N/A
	14.5.1 Conserve marine key biodiversity areas	■■■	Limited or no progress	N/A
15	15.1.2 Conserve terrestrial key biodiversity areas	■■■	Limited or no progress	None
	15.4.1 Conserve mountain key biodiversity areas	■■■	Limited or no progress	N/A
	15.5.1 Prevent extinction of species	■■■	Deterioration	None
16	16.1.1 Reduce homicide rates	■■■	Limited or no progress	↩ Backward
	16.3.2 Reduce unsentenced detainees	■■■	Deterioration	None
	16.a.1 Increase national human rights institutions	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	None
17	17.2.1 Implement all development assistance commitments	■■■	Fair progress but acceleration needed	➡ Forward
	17.8.1 Increase internet use	■■■■	Substantial progress/on track	None
	17.18.3 Enhance statistical capacity	■■■	Limited or no progress	None

¹ Distance from target (2023) and trend of Sustainable Development Goals progress (2023) refer to current level and trend information for the latest available data utilizing the calculation methodology from the Sustainable Development Goals 2022 Progress Chart Technical Note. Latest available data as of May 2023 from the SDG global indicator database. Please note that information for indicators 1.1.1, 10.4.2, 13.2.2, 17.2.1 and 17.18.3 are from the Sustainable Development Goals Progress Chart 2022.

² To capture the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic on progress of the Sustainable Development Goals, a comparison of the trend assessment from the Sustainable Development Goals 2020 Progress Chart and the trend of progress of the Goals (2023) was made, with some indicators showing reversal or slowed progress.

N/A: trend comparisons unavailable due to: i) lack of trend analysis from insufficient data; ii) indicator not included in the 2020 Progress Chart; or iii) indicator has changed between progress charts. Source: Calculations based on United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs, 2023b.